MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



Manufactured by:

ANDERSON Chemical Company

Litchfield, Minnesota 55355-1041 (320) 693-2477



Product Name: Excell PLUS

24-HOUR EMERGENCY PHONE #: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

Revised: 1/8/2007

Supersedes: 3/5/2003

I. IDENTIFICATION

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name And Synonyms:

DOT Shipping Name

Not applicable

Corrosive Solid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s.

Chemical Family:

(Sodium hydroxide/Sodium Metasilicate, Anhydrous) **DOT Hazard Class & I.D. Number**

PG

Imt

Corrosive Material UN3262

Alkali

II. HAZARDOOG INGREDIENTO						
Component	CAS NO.	%	TLV	PEL	Toxic	Hazard
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	38	2 mg/M3	2 mg/M3	NA	Corrosive to skin and eyes.
Sodium Tripolyphosphate	7758-29-4	<35	NE	NE	NA	Irritant to eyes and mucous membranes.
Sodium Metasilicate, Pentahy.	6834-92-0	<20	NE	NE	NA	Irritant to eyes and mucous membranes.
Sodium Carbonate	497-19-8	<15	NE	NE	NA	Irritant to eyes, skin, and mucous membranes.
Sodium dichloroisocyaniurate	51580-86-0	3	3mg/M3	3mg/M3	NA	Corrosive to skin and eyes.

^{**}Toxic chemical subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 (40 CFR §372).

NA: Not applicable

III. PHYSICAL DATA

Form: Solid pH, 1% Soln.: 13 **Boiling Point:** Not applicable

Solubility In Water: Complete Specific Gravity: Not applicable Appearance: White solid

Odor: Not applicable

IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flashpoint: Not Applicable

Extinguishing Media: Not applicable.

Special Fire

Fighting Procedures: Although this product is not combustible, if a fire occurs in the near vicinity, good fire-fighting practice dictates the use of self-contained

breathing apparatus and other protective gear.

Unusual Fire And

Explosion Hazards: If the container breaks, the product should be handled with care as it is corrosive.

V. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Carcinogenic: The raw materials used in this product are not considered to be a carcinogen by ACGIH and OSHA.

Effects Of Over-exposure: Corrosive. Causes irritation (possibly severe), burns to the eyes. May cause permanent eye damage. Causes irritation (possibly severe), burns to the skin. Causes irritation (possibly severe) to the respiratory tract. Causes irritation (possibly severe), burns, nausea,

vomiting to the gastrointestinal tract. The severity of effects depend on concentration and how soon after exposure the area is washed.

Emergency And First

Aid Procedures: EYES: Flush with water for 15 minutes, raise eyelids for complete rinsing. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN: Immediately flush with water for 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Get immediate medical attention. Discard contaminated leather goods.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Give large quantities of water. Get immediate medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

INHALATION: Move person to fresh air. If breathing stops, administer artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, have a trained person administer oxygen. Get immediate medical attention.

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VI. REACTIVITY DATA

Stability - Unstable: Stable: X

Conditions To Avoid: Mixing with water, acid or incompatible materials may cause splattering and release of large amounts of heat. Will react with

some metals forming flammable hydrogen gas.

Incompatibility: Acids, halogenated compounds, prolonged contact with aluminum, brass, bronze, copper, lead, tin, zinc or other alkali sensitive (Materials To Avoid) metals or alloys. Avoid contact with leather, wool, organic nitro compounds. Reacts with strong acids and will yield chlorine gas.

Hazardous

Decomposition Products: At flame temperatures, chlorine gas may be liberated.

VII. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled:

Small spills can be diluted with a large amount of water and flushed to sanitary sewer. For large spills, wear appropriate personal protection equipment. Completely contain spilled material with dikes or sandbags, etc., and prevent run-off into ground or surface waters or sewers. Recover as much material as possible into containers for disposal or reuse. Remaining material may be diluted with water; neutralize chlorine by adding sodium sulfite, sodium bisulfite or sodium thiosulfate; then neutralize alkalinity by adding a dilute acid. Flush spill area with water followed by a liberal covering of sodium bicarbonate. Neutralization products, both solid and liquid, must be recovered for disposal.

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose of in accordance with federal, state or local disposal authorities.

VIII. SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection is not required for normal use. If mist level is high, wear NIOSH approved respirator.

Ventilation: Should be adequate to keep mist level below the TLV.

Protective Gloves: Rubber or chemical resistant.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses with side shields. Chemical goggles, face shield if appropriate.

Protective Clothing: In situations where contact with can be anticipated, protective clothing should be worn.

IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

Precautions To Be Taken In Handling And Storing:

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear appropriate protective clothing/equipment. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use with adequate ventilation. Keep containers tightly closed and properly labeled. Safety shower and eyewash stations should be provided in the areas where this product is handled. Containers that have been emptied will retain product residue and should be handled as if they were full.

Other Precautions: Not applicable.

X. REVISED INFORMATION

MSDS Status: Supplier update